

# Ultra high stability temperature compensated crystal oscillator Product name : TG-5500CA / TG-5501CA

#### **Features**

Ultra high stability

Low phase noise

Frequency range : 10 MHz to 50 MHzOutput : CMOS, Clipped sine wave

Supply voltage: 2.7 to 5.5 V

External dimensions: 7.0 x 5.0 x 1.5 mm
 TG-5500CA(10pads), TG-5501CA(4pads)

Pb free

Complies with EU RoHS directive.



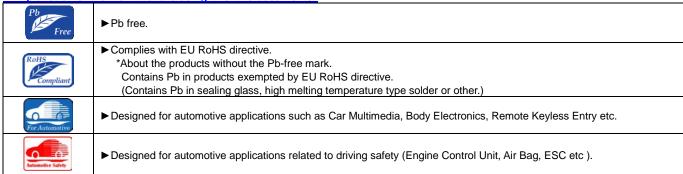
#### **Applications**

- Stratum3
- Microwave BTS,
- Network synchronization etc.

## **Description**

This product is ultra high stability temperature compensated crystal oscillator of CMOS and Clipped sine wave outputs using fundamental oscillation of Crystal unit. This has realized a low phase noise in frequency 10 to 50 MHz, and it is suitable for the reference clock include Stratum3.

Explanation of the mark that are using it for the documents



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#### 1. Electrical characteristics

1) Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min.	Тур.	Max	Notes
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> -GND	V	-0.6	-	+6.0	
Storage temperature	T_stg	°C	-40	-	+90	Store as bare product after packing
Frequency control voltage	V <sub>C</sub> -GND	V	-0.6	-	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.6	V <sub>C</sub> Terminal

2) Operating conditions

2) Operating Conditions							
Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min.	Тур.	Max	Notes	
			2.7	2.85	3.0	V <sub>CC</sub> =2.85 V Type	
	\/		2.85	3.0	3.15	V <sub>CC</sub> =3.0 V Type	
Supply voltage	Vcc	V	3.135	3.3	3.465	V <sub>CC</sub> =3.3 V Type	
			4.75	5.0	5.25	V <sub>CC</sub> =5.0 V Type	
	GND	1	0.0	-	0.0		
Operating temperature range	T_use	°C	-40	+25	+85		
	Vc	V	GND	N.C.	-	V <sub>C</sub> Terminal / TCXO	
			0.0	1.65	3.3	V <sub>C</sub> Terminal / VC-TCXO	
Frequency control voltage						(V <sub>CC</sub> =2.85, 3.0, 3.3 V Type)	
			0.5	2.5	4.5	V <sub>C</sub> Terminal / VC-TCXO	
			0.5	2.5	4.5	(V <sub>CC</sub> =5.0 V Type)	
	Load_C	pF	13.5	15	16.5	CMOS output	
Output load condition	Load_C	pF	9	10	11	Clipped sine wave	
	Load_R	kΩ	9	10	11	Clipped sille wave	
	Сс	μF	0.01	_	_	DC-cut capacitor *1	
			0.01	_	_	Clipped sine wave	

<sup>\*1</sup> DC-cut capacitor is not included in this TCXO. Please attach an external DC-cut capacitor (0.01 µF Min.) to the out pin.

3-1) Frequency characteristics

(Vcc=Tvp.	, GND=0.0 V,	Vc=Tvp.	V. Load=Tv	/p T us	e=+25°C)
( * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	, 0.10-0.0 1,	, vo,p.	v, ====================================	, p., uc	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

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Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min.	Тур.	Max	Notes
Output frequency	fo	MHz	10	-	50	
Frequency tolerance *2	f_tol	× 10 <sup>-6</sup>	-1.0	-	+1.0	T_use=+25°C +/-2°C Reflow cycles : 2 times *2
Eroquenov / temperature			-0.28	-	+0.28	T_use=-40°C to +85°C, (12.8 MHz ≤ fo)
Frequency / temperature characteristics	fo-Tc	× 10 <sup>-6</sup>	-0.25	-	+0.25	T_use=-40°C to +85°C (12.8 MHz ≤ fo, <b>Option Spec.</b> )
(Reference to +25°C)			-1.0	-	+1.0	T_use=-40°C to +85°C (10 MHz ≤ fo < 12.8 MHz)
Frequency / load coefficient	fo-Load	× 10 <sup>-6</sup>	-0.1	-	+0.1	Load+/-10%
			-0.05	-	+0.05	Load +/-2%
Frequency / voltage	fo V	× 10 <sup>-6</sup>	-0.1	-	+0.1	V <sub>CC</sub> +/-5%
coefficient	fo- V <sub>CC</sub>	× 10	-0.05	-	+0.05	V <sub>CC</sub> +/-2%
Frequency slope	-	× 10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C	-0.4	-	+0.4	1 °C/minute max.
Fraguency aging	4	× 10 <sup>-6</sup>	-0.5	-	+0.5	T_use=+25°C, First year
Frequency aging	f_age	× 10	-3.0	-	+3.0	T_use=+25°C, 20 years
Holdover stability		× 10 <sup>-6</sup>	-0.01	-	+0.01	T_use=+25°C, 1 day *3
(Constant temperature)	-	× 10°	-0.04	-	+0.04	T_use=+25°C, 1 day *4
Holdover stability (Free-run accuracy)	-	× 10 <sup>-6</sup>	-4.6	-	+4.6	*5
Acceleration sensitivity	-	× 10 <sup>-9</sup> /G	-	2.0	-	3 axes, 30-1500 Hz

<sup>\*2</sup> Measured in the elapse of 24 hours after reflow soldering.

**3-2) Frequency control characteristics** (Vcc=Typ., GND=0.0 V, Vc=Typ. V, Load=Typ., T\_use=+25°C)

				71 /		<u> </u>
Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min.	Тур.	Max	Notes
Frequency control range	f_cont	× 10 <sup>-6</sup>	-12.0	-	-5.0	Vc=1.65V+/-1.65V, at Vcc=2.85V, 3.0V, 3.3V
	_		+5.0	-	+12.0	Vc=2.5V+/-2.0V, at Vcc=5.0V
Linearity	-	%	-10	-	+10	
Input impedance	$Z_{IN}$	kΩ	100	-	-	$V_C$ -GND(DC), $V_C$ =Typ.
Frequency change polarity	1	-	Р	ositive polari	ty	

<sup>\*3</sup> After 10 days of continuous operation.

<sup>\*4</sup> After 48 hours of continuous operation.

<sup>\*5</sup> This includes initial frequency tolerance, frequency / temperature characteristics, frequency / load coefficient, frequency/voltage coefficient and frequency aging (+25°C, 20 years)



## 4) Electrical Characteristics

(Vcc=Typ., GND=0.0 V, Vc=Typ. V, Load=Typ., T\_use=+25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min.	Тур.	Max	Notes
			-	-	5.0	V <sub>CC</sub> =2.85, 3.0, 3.3V (~26MHz)
			-	-	6.0	V <sub>CC</sub> =2.85, 3.0, 3.3V (~40MHz)
					8.0	V <sub>CC</sub> =2.85, 3.0, 3.3V (~50MHz)
Current consumption	Icc	mA	-	-	6.0	V <sub>CC</sub> =5.0V (~26MHz)
			-	-	8.0	V <sub>CC</sub> =5.0V (~40MHz)
			-	-	10.0	V <sub>CC</sub> =5.0V (~50MHz)
			-	-	5.0	Clipped sine wave
Start up time	t_str	s	-	0.4	2.0	Filter ON (Standard)
			-	0.001	0.005	Filter OFF (Option)
Rise time	tr	ns	-	-	8.0	10%Vcc to 90%Vcc level CMOS output
			-	-	5.0	90%Vcc to 10%Vcc level
Fall time	tf	ns	-	-	8.0 5.0	CMOS output
						50% Vcc level
			45	50	55	CMOS output
Symmetry	SYM	%				GND level(DC-cut)
			40	50	60	Clipped sine wave (Option)
High output voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	V	90% V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	CMOS output
Low output voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	V	-	-	10% Vcc	CMOS output
Output level	Vp-p	Vp-p	0.8	-	-	Clipped sine wave
•		dBc/ Hz	-	-67	-52	1 Hz offset
			-	-96	-84	10 Hz offset
			-	-123	-113	100 Hz offset
Phase noise (20MHz)	L(f)		-	-145	-137	1 kHz offset
(2011112)		112	-	-153	-147	10 kHz offset
			-	-155	-149	100 kHz offset
			-	-156	-151	1 MHz offset
			-	-65	-51	1 Hz offset
			-	-96	-84	10 Hz offset
Dhacanaica		dDa/	-	-123	-113	100 Hz offset
Phase noise (26MHz)	L(f)	dBc/ Hz	-	-145	-137	1 kHz offset
(====)			-	-153	-147	10 kHz offset
			-	-155	-149	100 kHz offset
			-	-156	-151	1 MHz offset
51			-	-51	-37	1 Hz offset
			-	-79	-67	10 Hz offset
		dD/	-	-107	-97	100 Hz offset
Phase noise (50MHz)	L(f)	dBc/ Hz	-	-131	-123	1 kHz offset
(55111112)			-	-148	-142	10 kHz offset
			-	-154	-148	100 kHz offset
			-	-156	-151	1 MHz offset

5) Enable/disable input

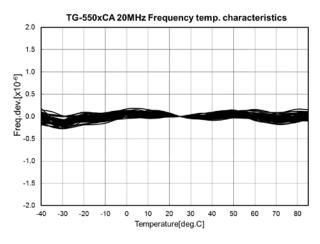
Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min.	Тур.	Max	Notes
Enable voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	V	70% Vcc	-	Vcc	OE terminal (Enable voltage)
Disable voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	V	-	-	30% Vcc	OE terminal (Disable voltage)
Input impedance	-	kΩ	50	ı	-	Vcc=typ.

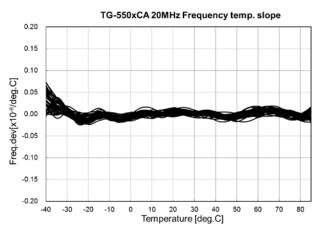


## 2. Characteristics

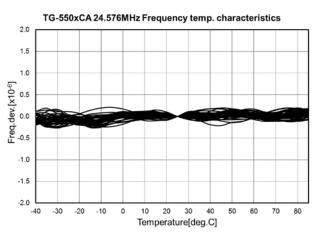
## 2-1) "Frequency / temperature characteristics" and "Frequency / temperature slope"

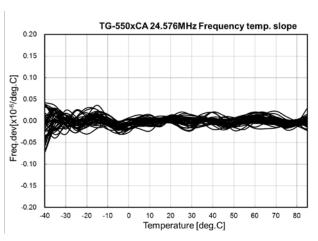
## 20MHz [N=40pcs]



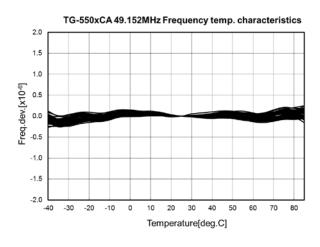


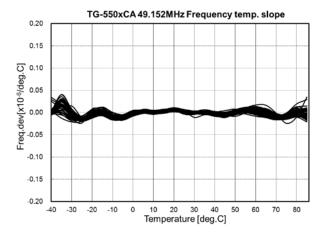
#### 24.576MHz [N=40pcs]





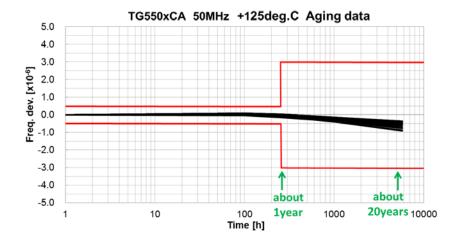
#### 49.152MHz [N=40pcs]







## 2-2) Frequency aging (50MHz) [N=20pcs]



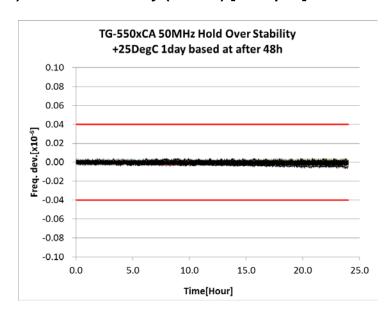
about 1year

Ave. : -0.05 x 10<sup>-6</sup> Max. : +0.04 x 10<sup>-6</sup> Min. : -0.16 x 10<sup>-6</sup>

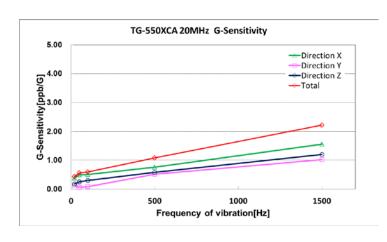
about 20years

Ave. : -0.53 x 10<sup>-6</sup> Max. : -0.35 x 10<sup>-6</sup> Min. : -0.94 x 10<sup>-6</sup>

## 2-3) Holdover stability (50MHz) [N=40pcs]



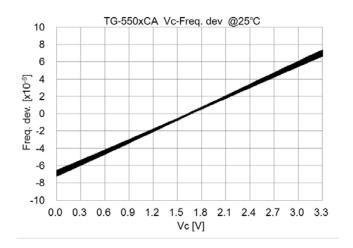
## 2-4) G-sensitivity (20MHz)

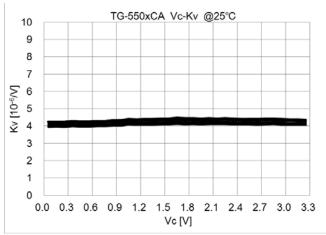


0.6 ppb/G Typ.@ 100Hz, 1.1 ppb/G Typ.@ 500Hz, 2.2 ppb/G Typ.@ 1500Hz.

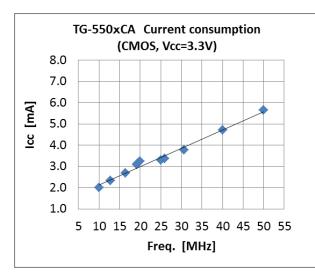


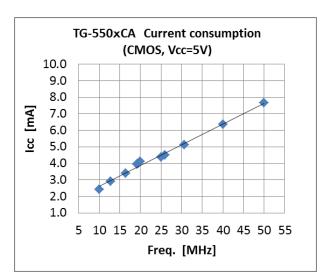
## 2-5) Frequency control characteristics [N=40pcs]

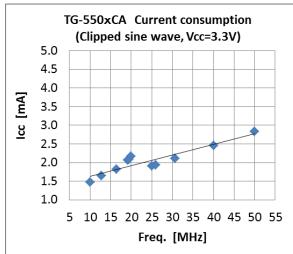


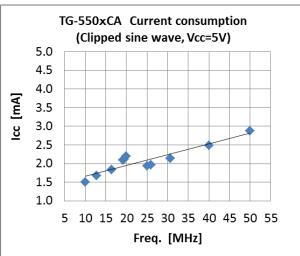


## 2-6) current consumption



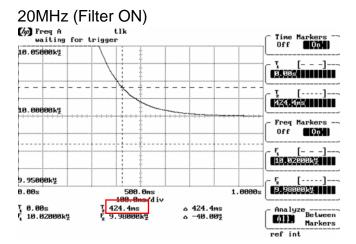


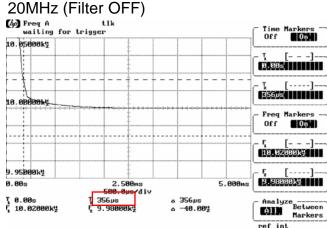




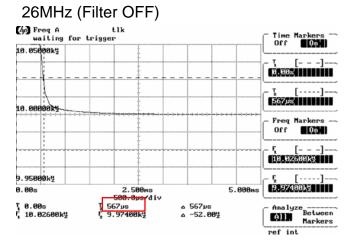


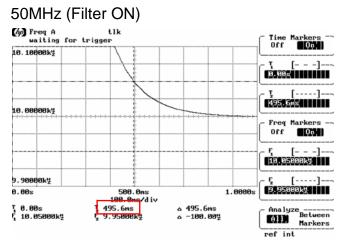
## 2-7) start up time(20MHz, 26MHz, 50MHz, Type: Filter ON or Filter OFF)

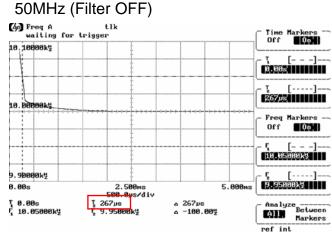




#### 26MHz (Filter ON) (hp) Freq A tlk waiting for trigger Time Markers Off On 10.05000kg Ţ [- - -]---3.338 - <u>T</u> [----]---426.7ms 10.00000kg 110 - F, [- - -]---10.02600k¥ 9.95000k# 9.97480XX 0.00s 500.0n √d i∨ Analyze -----All Between Markers T 0.00s F 10.02600ky △ 426.7ms △ -52.00½ ref int





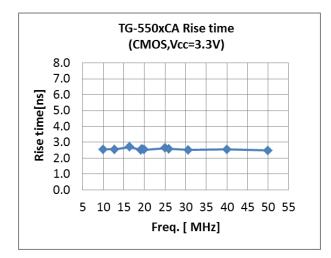


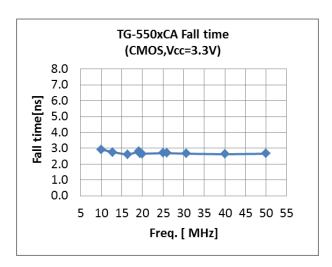
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Document No.: TG-550xCA\_AE\_Ver. 1.04
Date: Mar. 1<sup>st</sup> 2017

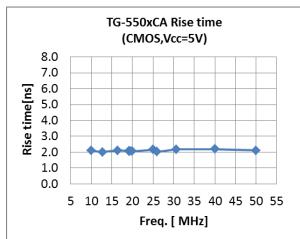
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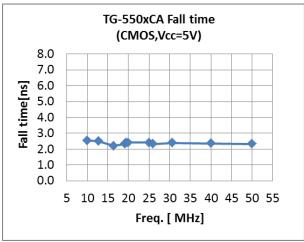


## 2-8) Rise time / Fall time (at CMOS output)

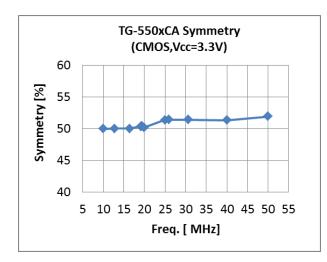


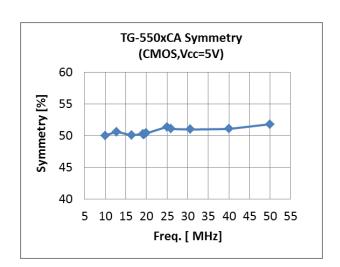






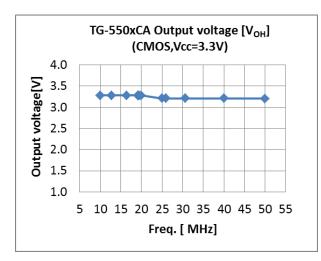
## 2-9) Symmetry (at CMOS output)

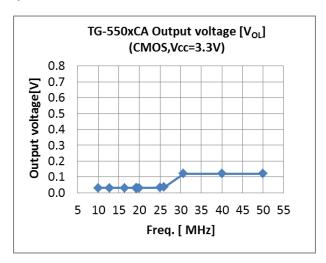


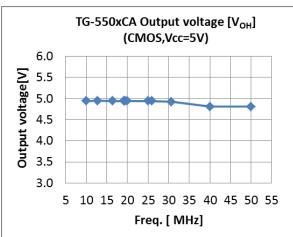


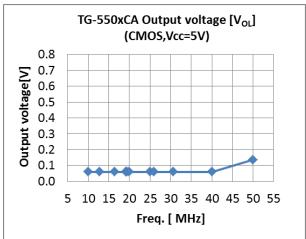


## 2-10) Output voltage [V<sub>OH</sub>, V<sub>OL</sub>] (at CMOS output)

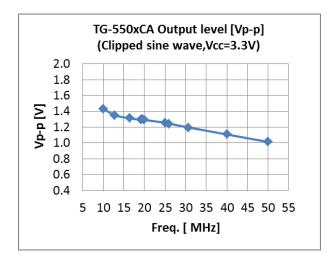


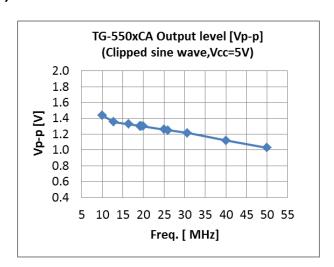






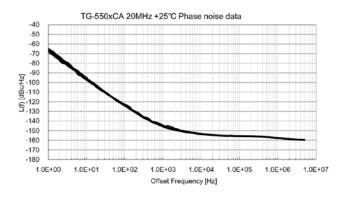
#### 2-11) Output level [V<sub>P-P</sub>] (at Clipped sine wave)

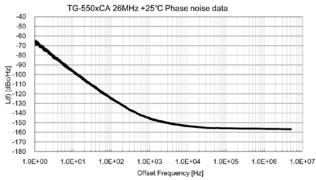


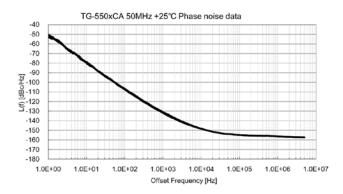




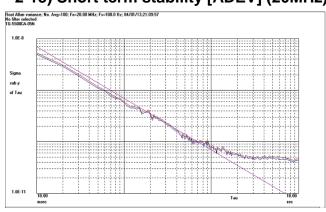
## 2-12) Phase noise (20MHz, 26MHz, 50MHz, refer to data of Page3.) [N=10pcs]





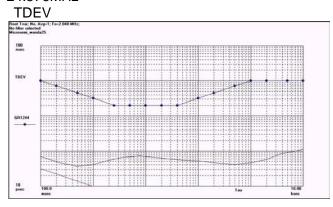


## 2-13) Short term stability [ADEV] (20MHz)

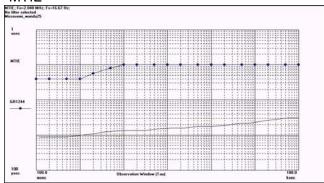


## 2-14) TDEV and MTIE (24.576MHz, 49.152MHz)

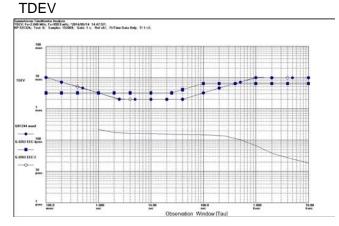
#### 24.576MHz



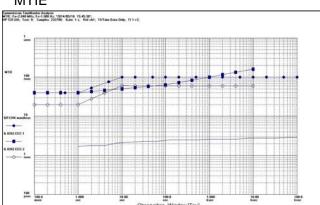
#### MTIE



## 49.152MHz



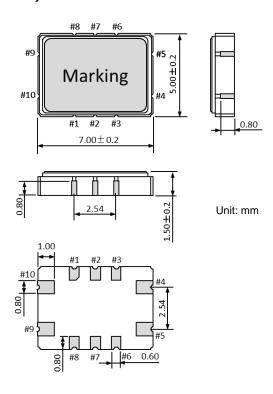
#### **MTIE**



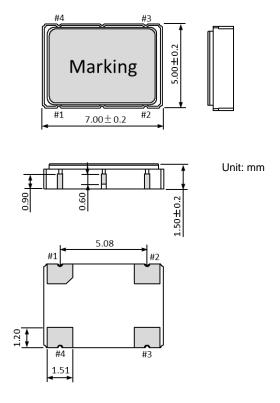


#### 3. Outline

## 3-1) Outline dimensions and Pin information 3-1-1) TG-5500CA



## 3-1-2) TG-5501CA



Pin	TG-550	OCA						
PIN	VC-TCXO	TCXO						
1	N.C.							
2	N.C	<b>)</b> .						
3	N.C.							
4	GND							
5	OUT							
6	N.C.							
7	N.C.							
8	OE							
9	V <sub>cc</sub>							
10	V <sub>C</sub>	N.C.						

OE pin = "H" or "open": Specified frequency output. OE pin = "L" : Output is high impedance.

Do not connect "N.C." pin with any other pins (also mutually)

If OE Function does not use,

We recommended connecting OE(#8pin) to Vcc (#9pin)

Pin	TG-5501CA						
Ē	VC-TCXO	TCXO					
1	Vc	N.C.					
2	GND						
3	OUT						
4	V <sub>cc</sub>						

Do not connect "N.C." pin with any other pins (also mutually)



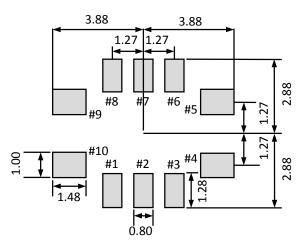
## 3-2) Soldering pattern

Example of patterning design indicated as follows. In an actual design, please consider mounting density, the reliability of soldering, etc. and check whether performance is optimal.

unit: mm

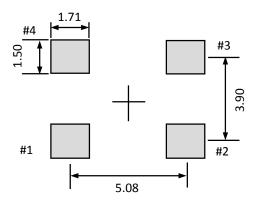
unit: mm

#### 3-2-1) Soldering pattern of TG-5500CA



To maintain stable operation, provide a 0.01uF to 0.1uF by-pass capacitor at a location as near as possible to the power source terminal of the crystal product (between Vcc - GND).

## 3-2-2) Soldering pattern of TG-5501CA



To maintain stable operation, provide a 0.01uF to 0.1uF by-pass capacitor at a location as near as possible to the power source terminal of the crystal product (between Vcc - GND).

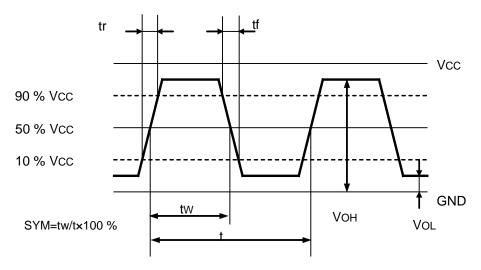
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Document No.: TG-550xCA\_AE\_Ver. 1.04
Date: Mar. 1<sup>st</sup> 2017

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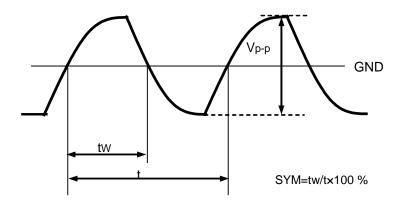


## 4. Timing chart

#### 4-1-1) Output waveform (CMOS output)



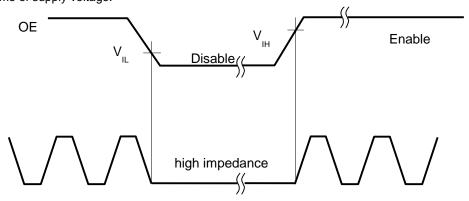
#### 4-1-2) Output waveform (Clipped sine wave output)



## 4-2) OE function and timing

OE input level	Oscillation	Outputs
"H" or "Open"	Enable	Enable : specified frequency
"L"	Enable	Disable : high impedance

\* OE input voltage must be lower than Vcc. Note that rise-up time of OE input voltage must not be shorter than the rise-up time of supply voltage.

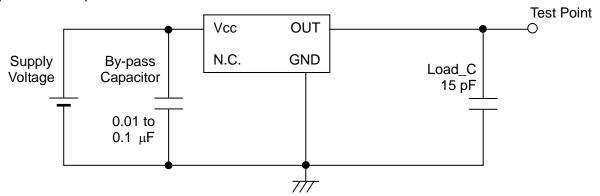




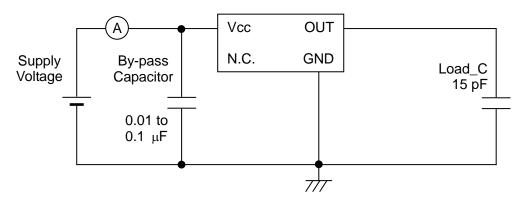
## 5. Test circuit

## 5-1) CMOS output for TCXO

#### 1) Output Load: 15 pF



#### 2) Current consumption



#### 3) Conditions

Min. 1  $M\Omega$ 1. Oscilloscope: Impedance Input capacitance Max. 10 pF Band width Min. 300 MHz

Impossible to measure both frequency and wave form at the same time.(In case of using oscilloscope's amplifier output, possible to measure both at the same time.)

- 2. Load\_C includes probe capacitance.
- 3. A capacitor (By-pass:0.01 to 0.1  $\,\mu F$ ) is placed between V<sub>CC</sub> and GND,and closely to TCXO.

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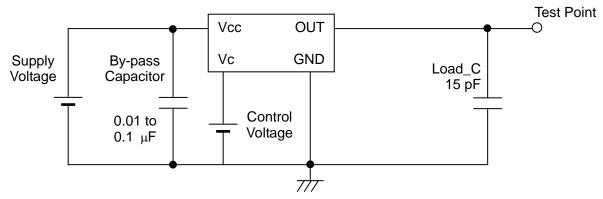
- 4. Use the current meter whose internal impedance value is small.
- 5. Power Supply Impedance of power supply should be as low as possible.
- 6. GND pin should be connected to low impedance GND.

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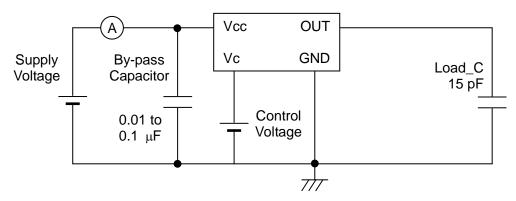


#### 5-2) CMOS output for VC-TCXO

#### 1) Output Load: 15 pF



#### 2) Current consumption



#### 3) Conditions

Min. 1  $M\Omega$ 1. Oscilloscope: Impedance Max. 10 pF Input capacitance Band width Min. 300 MHz

Impossible to measure both frequency and wave form at the same time.(In case of using oscilloscope's amplifier output, possible to measure both at the same time.)

- 2. Load\_C includes probe capacitance.
- 3. A capacitor (By-pass:0.01 to 0.1  $\,\mu F$ ) is placed between  $V_{CC}$  and GND,and closely to TCXO.

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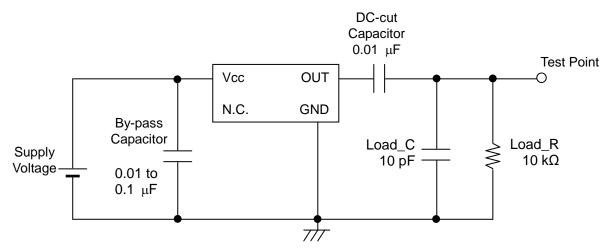
- 4. Use the current meter whose internal impedance value is small.
- 5. Power Supply Impedance of power supply should be as low as possible.
- 6. GND pin should be connected to low impedance GND.

Document No.: TG-550xCA\_AE\_Ver. 1.04 Date: Mar. 1<sup>st</sup> 2017

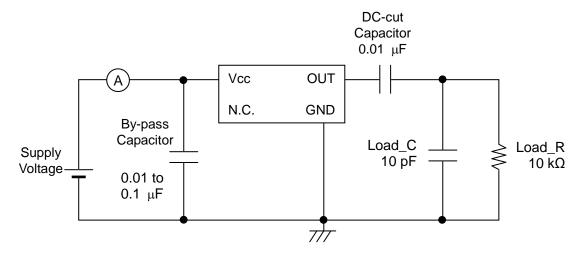


#### 5-3) Clipped sine wave output for TCXO

1) Output Load :  $10 k\Omega // 10 pF$ 



2) Current consumption



#### 3) Conditions

1. Oscilloscope: Impedance Min. 1 M $\Omega$ Input capacitance Max. 10 pF
Band width Min. 300 MHz

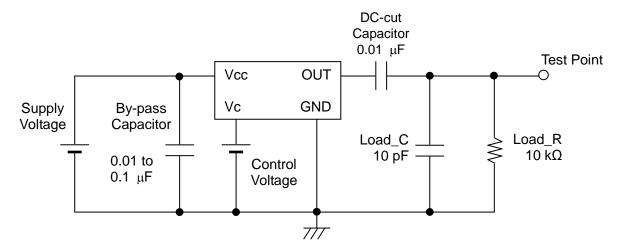
Impossible to measure both frequency and wave form at the same time.(In case of using oscilloscope's amplifier output, possible to measure both at the same time.)

- 2. Load\_C includes probe capacitance.
- 3. A capacitor (By-pass:0.01 to 0.1  $\,\mu\text{F})$  is placed between  $V_{\text{CC}}$  and GND,and closely to TCXO.
- 4. Use the current meter whose internal impedance value is small.
- Power SupplyImpedance of power supply should be as low as possible.
- 6. GND pin should be connected to low impedance GND.

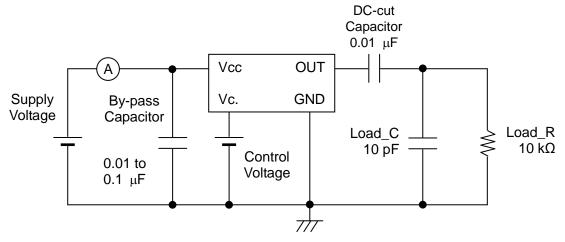


#### 5-4) Clipped sine wave output for VC-TCXO

1) Output Load : 10 k $\Omega$  // 10 pF



#### 2) Current consumption



#### 3) Conditions

1. Oscilloscope: Impedance Min. 1 M $\Omega$ Input capacitance Max. 10 pF
Band width Min. 300 MHz

Impossible to measure both frequency and wave form at the same time.(In case of using oscilloscope's amplifier output, possible to measure both at the same time.)

- 2. Load\_C includes probe capacitance.
- 3. A capacitor (By-pass:0.01 to 0.1  $\,\mu\text{F})$  is placed between  $V_{\text{CC}}$  and GND,and closely to TCXO.
- 4. Use the current meter whose internal impedance value is small.
- Power Supply Impedance of power supply should be as low as possible.
- 6. GND pin should be connected to low impedance GND.



#### 6. Handling precautions

Prior to using this product, please carefully read the section entitled "Precautions" on our Web site ( <a href="http://www5.epsondevice.com/en/quartz/tech/precaution/">http://www5.epsondevice.com/en/quartz/tech/precaution/</a>) for instructions on how to handle and use the product properly to ensure optimal performance of the product in your equipment. Before using the product under any conditions other than those specified therein, please consult with us to verify and confirm that the performance of the product will not be negatively affected by use under such conditions.

In addition to the foregoing precautions, in order to avoid the deteriorating performance of the product, we strongly recommend that you <u>DO NOT</u> use the product under <u>ANY</u> of the following conditions:

- (1) Mounting the product on a board using water-soluble solder flux and using the product without removing the residue of the flux completely from the board. The residue of such flux that is soluble in water or water-soluble cleaning agent, especially the residues which contains active halogens, will negatively affect the performance and reliability of the product.
- (2) Using the product in any manner that will result in any shock or impact to the product.
- (3) Using the product in places where the product is exposed to water, chemicals, organic solvent, sunlight, dust, corrosive gasses, or other materials.
- (4) Using the product in places where the product is exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves.
- (5) Applying ultrasonic cleaning without advance verification and confirmation that the product will not be affected by such a cleaning process, because it may damage the crystal, IC and/or metal line of the product.
- (6) Touching the IC surface with tweezers or other hard materials directly.
- (7) Using the product under any other conditions that may negatively affect the performance and/or reliability of the product.
- (8) Power supply with ripple may cause of incorrect operation or degradation of phase noise characteristics, so please evaluate before use.
- (9) Frequency aging is from environmental tests results to the expectation of the amount of the frequency variation. This doesn't guarantee the product-life cycle.

Should any customer use the product in any manner contrary to the precautions and/or advice herein, such use shall be done at the customer's own risk.



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